GLOSSARY OF TECHNICAL TERMS

Note: The Arabic article al- has been deleted except where it is grammatically necessary.

'abd: servant, slave, bondsman

adab: correct comportment, courtesy, literary culture, appropriate manner

Ahad: the One (a Name of God)

al-aḥādīth al-qudsiyyah: sacred sayings, traditions of the Prophet of Islam in which God speaks in the first person but these sayings are not parts of the Quran

ahl al-suffah: people of the bench, in reference to a bench that was placed in front of the mosque of the Prophet in Medina and the most revered members of the early Islamic community would often sit on it

ahl-i dil: people of the heart, one of the names used for Sufis

a'la: most exalted, most elevated

Allah: the Supreme Name of God in Arabic

'alam al-ghayb: the absent world, the invisible world

'ālam al-shahādah: the manifested world, the visible world

'ālim: scholar, the person who has knowledge (usually understood as knowledge of religion)

'Alīm: the Knower (a Name of God)

'amal: action, practice

'amalī: practical, operative

amīr: prince, ruler 'agl: intellect, reason

'ārif: gnostic, possessor of unifying knowledge

'ārif" bi'Llāh: the person who knows God by God

asfar (sing. safar): journeys interpreted in Sufism as the various stages of the journey

of the soul to God, in God and in creation with God

asma' (sing. ism): names (usually in reference to the Names of God)

asrār (sing. sirr): secrets, mysteries (usually understood as Divine Mysteries)

Atman: the Supreme Self (according to Hindu doctrines)

avataric: related to the avatar, a divine incarnation or descent

awrād (sing. wird): litanies (used by Sufis)

āyah: symbol, sign, portent, verse of the Quran

'ayn al-yaqīn: the eye of certainty

'ayn thābit (pl. al-a'yān al-thābitah): immutable archetype

bābā: father, title of masters in the Baktāshī Sufi order

baqā': subsistence

barakah: grace

basmalah: abbreviation of "In the Name of God, the All-Good, the Infinitely

Merciful"

bast: expansion

bāțin: inward, esoteric

Bāṭin: the Inward (a Name of God)

bhakti marga: the path of love and devotion (in Hinduism)

Bismi'Llāh al-Raḥmān al-Raḥīm: "In the Name of God, the Infinitely-Good, the All-Merciful," the formula with which all chapters of the Quran except one begin and

with which Muslims begin various activities in their lives

darwish: a follower of Sufism

dhākir: invoker, the person who remembers God

Dhāt: the Essence (of God)

dhawq: taste

dhikr: invocation, remembrance, mention

fanā': annihilation

al-faqr al-muḥammadī: Muḥammadan poverty, one of the names used

for Sufism

faqīr: poor, in Sufism the spiritually poor, a follower of Sufism

faqr: poverty, spiritual poverty

farsh: the carpet, allusion to the lowest level of existence Fātiḥah: the Opening, the first chapter of the Quran al-fayd al-aqdas: the most sacred effusion or emanation

al-fayd al-muqaddas: sacred effusion or emanation

fikr: meditation, thought

firdaws: garden, Paradise, the Garden fitrah: primordial nature, original nature

futuwwah: spiritual chivalry

ghayb: hidden, nonmanifest, invisible, absent

gharībah: hidden, occult, unfamiliar

ghazal: a form of poetry found in many Islamic languages similar in form to

the sonnet

habīb: friend, intimate

Hādī: the Guide (a Name of God)

hadīth: a saying or tradition of the Prophet; in Shi'ism the sayings of the Imams are

also included as a special category of hadīth

Ḥadīth: the collection of the sayings of the Prophet

hads: intellectual intuition

hāhūt: Divine Presence at the level of the Essence

ḥajj: pilgrimage to Mecca

ḥakīm: sage, wise person, philosopher, physician

hal: spiritual state

halqah: circle (in reference to Sufi gatherings where male disciples usually sit or stand

in a circle)
hamd: praise

al-hamdu li'Llāh: praise be to God (a common Islamic utterance)

hagg: truth, verity

Ḥaqq: the Truth (a Name of God)

ḥaqīqah: truth, verity

al-ḥaqīqat al-muḥammadiyyah: Muḥammadan Reality

hijāb: veil

hikmat: theosophy, philosophy (of later Islamic schools), wisdom

al-hikmat al-muta'āliyah: transcendental theosophy or philosophy

himmah: ardor, spiritual aspiration

hubb: love, devotion

hubūt: fall (in general in reference to humanity's fall from the Edenic state)

hudur: presence husn: beauty

hylé: prime matter (in Greek philosophy)

'ibādah: worship

ihsan: virtue, beauty, goodness

ikhlās: sincerity

ilāhīs: Sufi songs as they are known especially in the Turkish world

'ilm: knowledge, science

'ilm al-yaqīn: the science of certainty

īmān: faith

al-insan al-kamil: the Universal Man, the Perfect Man

irādah: will, intention

'irfan-i nazarī: theoretical gnosis, theoretical or doctrinal Sufism

'irfān-i shī'ī: Shi'ite gnosis inābah: contrition, penitence

ʻirfan: gnosis

'irfanī: gnostic ishrāq: illumination

islām: submission (to God)

'ishq: love, ardent devotion, intense love

'ishq al-haqiqi: true love

al-'ishq al-majāzī: metaphorical love

jabarūt: the archangelic world

jalāl: majesty

jallabah: long woolen dress still worn by Muslims especially in North Africa

jalwah: splendor, effulgence, external radiance

jamāl: beauty

jannat al-Dhat: the Paradise of the Divine Essence

jawānmardī: spiritual chivalry

jihād: exertion

jinn: a class of psychic beings mentioned in the Quran, a demon

jñāna: illuminative knowledge in Hinduism Karīm: The Generous (a Name of God)

karāmah: generosity

karma yoga: the path of approaching God through action or karma according to

Hinduism

kashf al-maḥjūb: the unveiling of the veiled kashkūl: begging bowl used by certain Sufis khalīfah: vicegerent, vice-regent, representative

khalwah: spiritual retreat khāngāh: Sufi center

khayāl: imagination

khidr-i rah: guide on the spiritual path

khalq: creation, to create

lāhūt: the Divine Presence at the level of the Divine Names and Qualities

layl: night

līlā: divine play associated with the creation of the world in Hinduism

liwa' al-hamd: the flag of praise

maḥabbah: love, devotion

madhkūr: the invoked, the remembered

majdhūb: attracted by God

majlis (pl. majālis): gathering of Sufis makhāfah: fear, reverential fear of God

malakūt: the spiritual world, the angelic world

malāmah: blame ma'nā: meaning

manzil (pl. manāzil): place of descent, station

maqām (pl. maqāmāt): spiritual station

ma'rifah: principial knowledge, gnosis

ma'shūq: the beloved

mathnawikhani: the special art of reciting the Mathnawi of Jalal al-Din Rumi

mawqif (pl. mawaqif): place of halting, spiritual staying

mawlā: master

 $m\bar{a}y\bar{a}$: the creation power of $\bar{A}tman$, which also veils It and brings about the illusion of separate cosmic existence, according to the nondualistic school of the Vedanta

mi'rāj: the Nocturnal Ascent of the Prophet from Mecca to Jerusalem and from there to the Divine Presence; spiritual ascent

mufti: religious authority who can issue religious edicts

muhaqqiq: one who is immersed in the realization of the Truth, verifier

mulk: the world that surrounds humanity here below on this earth

mulla: a title given in Persian to a religious scholar

muqaddam: a designate of a Sufi master who is able to initiate aspirants and guide

them on the path under the direction of the master

murad: the reality or the person who is sought, the Sufi master

murid: seeker, the person who wills to reach the truth, the disciple in Sufism

murshid: spiritual master, guide

musīqā'l-andalus: Andalusian music (of Morocco)

muslim: a being who is surrendered to God, Muslim

nā'ib: representative

nafas al-Raḥmān: the breath of the Compassionate

nafs: soul, ego, self, psyche

al-nafs al-ammarah bi'l-sū': that part of the soul that incites to evil

nashīd: Sufi song

nāsūt: the human world nubuwwah: prophecy

Om (Aum): sacred sound symbol in Hinduism, considered the primordial word

through which everything came into existence

pardīs: garden

pashmīnah-pūsh: wearer of wool (in reference to Sufis)

pīr: spiritual master qabd: contraction

qādī: judge

qalandar: wandering darwish

qutb: the Pole or spiritual Axis of the age

qawwālī: special form of Sufi singing associated with the Indo-Pakistani Subcontinent

Rabb: the Lord (a Name of God)

rāg: a mode in Indian music

raḥmah: compassion, mercy

Rahmān: the All-Good, the Compassionate (a Name of God)

Raḥīm: the Infinitely Merciful (a Name of God)

rajul (pl. rijāl): man, any human being male or female who has advanced on the path

rida: contentment

Ridwan: the most exalted Paradise

rijāl al-ghayb: absent or invisible persons (men)

Rūh: the Spirit

șabr: patience

șafă: purity sahw: sobriety

saki: from the Arabic word saqī, meaning pourer of drink (allusion to the spiritual

master in Sufism)

sakīnah: Divine peace

salaf: ancestors, those who have come before

salām: peace

salah: the canonical prayers that Muslims are obliged to perform five times a day

sālik: traveler upon the spiritual path

samā': Sufi concert, audition

samsāra: the world of change, corruption, and death, according to Buddhism

șifat: qualities (in particular Divine Qualities)

al-sirāt al-mustaqīm: the straight path, the path of ascent (in Sufism)

silsilah: chain, the initiatic chain in Sufism

şūrah: form

Shekinah: Hebrew equivalent to the Arabic sakīnah, meaning divine peace

Sharī'ah: Divine Law

shathiyyāt (sing. shath): theophanic sayings, words of ecstasy

shukr: gratitude, thankfulness

suḥbah: discourse of the Sufis

sukr: intoxication, drunkenness

sulh-i kull: universal peace, total peace

sunnah: traditions or wont of the Prophet

śunyata: void, the void (in Buddhism)

sūrah: name of the chapters in the Quran

tābi'ūn: followers, the generation after the Prophet

tahaqquq: realization

tajallī: theophany

tāj-i fagr: the crown of spiritual poverty

takhalluq bi-akhlaqi'Llah: becoming imbued with the Qualities of God

talab: yearning (more specifically for God and the spiritual life)

taqwa: reverential fear (of God), asceticism, mindfulness

ta'aqqul: intellection tark: ahandonment

tark-i tark: abandonment of abandonment

tariq: path (in reference to Sufism)

țariqah (pl. țuruq): Sufi path, Sufi order

țariqah ila'Llāh: the path to God

taşawwuf: Sufism

al-tasawwuf al-'ilmi: theoretical or doctrinal Sufism

taslim: submission

ta'ayyun: determination, entification

tay'īd: affirmation, support ta'wīl: spiritual hermeneutics

tawakkul: reliance (upon God)

tawbah: repentance tawhīd: oneness, unity

wahdat al-wujud: transcendent oneness of being, unity of being

walayah/wilayah: initiatic power (in Sufism)

wara': scrupulousness, chasteness (in religious matters) wujūdiyyah: the school of the primacy and unity of being

Wadud: the Loving (a Name of God)

Wali: Guardian, Ruler, Friend (a Name of God); saint, friend of God

yaqın: certainty, certitude

Zāhir: the Outward (a Name of God)

zāhir: outward, external, exoteric zāwiyah (pl. zawāyā): Sufi center

zuhd: asceticism zuhhād: ascetics